

Act Three**Assessment Preparation: Word Roots**

Directions: For Part A, use the vocabulary words from Act Three to answer the following questions. Then use a dictionary to answer the question in Part B.

1. The word perceive comes from the Latin *percipere*, meaning “to thoroughly take in”.
 - a. Which vocabulary word has the same root? _____
 - b. What other words have this same root? _____
2. The word frontal comes from the Latin *frons*, meaning “front”.
 - a. Which vocabulary word has the same root? _____
 - b. What other words have this same root? _____
3. The word abound comes from the Latin *undare*, meaning “to move in waves”.
 - a. Which vocabulary word has the same root? _____
 - b. What other words have this same root? _____
4. The word complain comes from the Latin *plangere*, which means “to lament”.
 - a. Which vocabulary word has the same root? _____
 - b. What other words have this same root? _____
5. The word go comes from the Middle English *ghe*, which means “to release; let go”.
 - a. Which vocabulary word has the same root? _____
 - b. What other words have this same root? _____
6. The word spear comes from the Old English *gar*, meaning “gore”.
 - a. Which vocabulary word has the same root? _____
 - b. What other words have this same root? _____
7. The word compose comes from the Latin *ponere*, meaning “to put or place”.
 - a. Which vocabulary word has the same root? _____
 - b. What other words have this same root? _____
8. The word creed comes from the Latin *credo*, meaning “believe”.
 - a. Which vocabulary word has the same root? _____
 - b. What other words have this same root? _____
9. The word invest comes from the Latin *vestis*, meaning “garment”.
 - a. Which vocabulary word has the same root? _____
 - b. What other words have this same root? _____
10. The word writhe comes from the Old English *wreit*, which means “to turn”.
 - a. Which vocabulary word has the same root? _____
 - b. What other words have this same root? _____